



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

Time Allowed: 1 Hour

Full Marks: 100

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

1.	A sum of Rs.480 is divided among A, B, and C such that A's share : B's share = 3 : 5 and B's share : C's share = 10 : 12. Find C's share.		
	(a)	Rs.180	O
	(b)	Rs.205	O
	(c)	Rs.240	O
	(d)	Rs.192	O
2.	If Rs.5,000 is invested for 4 years at 10% per annum simple interest, what is the total interest earned?		
	(a)	Rs.2400	O
	(b)	Rs.2500	O
	(c)	Rs.2200	O
	(d)	Rs.2000	O
3.	If Rs.12,000 is invested for 2 years at compound interest and the total amount is Rs.13,824, what is the rate of interest per annum?		
	(a)	7.35%	O
	(b)	8%	O
	(c)	8.5%	O
	(d)	9%	O
4.	A boat goes 30 km upstream in 2 hours and returns downstream in 1.5 hours. Find the speed of the stream.		
	(a)	3 km/h	O
	(b)	4 km/h	O
	(c)	2.5 km/h	O
	(d)	6 km/h	O



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

5.	A train running at 54 km/h crosses a pole in 30 seconds. What is the length of the train in meters?		
	(a)	300	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	450	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	540	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	600	<input type="radio"/>
6.	If the sum of the first n terms of an AP is $S_n = 3n^2 + 2n$ , what is the 10th term?		
	(a)	62	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	65	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	59	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	67	<input type="radio"/>
7.	If $x : y = 5 : 7$ and $y : z = 14 : 15$ , find $x : z$ .		
	(a)	10:21	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	10:15	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	10:30	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	5:15	<input type="radio"/>
8.	If the quadratic equation $2x^2 + kx + 8 = 0$ has equal roots, then the value of k is:		
	(a)	4	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	$\pm 8$	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	$\pm 4\sqrt{2}$	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	$\pm 8\sqrt{2}$	<input type="radio"/>
9.	From a group of 8 men and 6 women, a committee of 4 is to be formed such that at least 2 women are included. How many such committees are possible?		
	(a)	695	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	670	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	610	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	595	<input type="radio"/>



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

10.	How many different committees of 3 men and 2 women can be formed from 6 men and 5 women?		
	(a)	250	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	150	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	200	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	300	<input type="radio"/>
11.	How many ways can 6 students be seated in a row if 2 particular students must sit together?		
	(a)	240	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	144	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	360	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	120	<input type="radio"/>
12.	The quadratic equation $x^2 - 6x + k = 0$ will have real and distinct roots if:		
	(a)	$k > 9$	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	$k = 9$	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	$k < 9$	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	$k \leq 9$	<input type="radio"/>
13.	In a group of 60 students, 25 like cricket, 30 like football, and 10 like both. How many students like neither cricket nor football?		
	(a)	5	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	10	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	15	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	20	<input type="radio"/>
14.	In a class of 50 students, 28 play basketball, 22 play volleyball, and 10 play both. How many play exactly one sport?		
	(a)	30	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	40	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	50	<input type="radio"/>



## FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

	(d)	60	O
15.	How many ways can 5 books be arranged on a shelf if 2 specific books must not be together?		
	(a)	72	O
	(b)	100	O
	(c)	120	O
	(d)	60	O
16.	If one root of $2x^2 + 3x + k = 0$ is double the other, then k equals:		
	(a)	1/2	O
	(b)	1	O
	(c)	4	O
	(d)	2	O
17.	How many 4-digit numbers can be formed using digits 1,2,3,4,5 without repetition?		
	(a)	120	O
	(b)	625	O
	(c)	240	O
	(d)	256	O
18.	A firm's marginal cost $MC = 3x^2 - 6x + 4$ . If fixed cost = 20, find the total cost function.		
	(a)	$x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 20$	O
	(b)	$x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 20$	O
	(c)	$x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 20$	O
	(d)	$x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 20$	O
19.	If the total cost function of producing x units is $C = 5x^2 + 20x + 100$ , then the marginal cost at x = 10 units is:		
	(a)	120	O



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

	(b)	200	O
	(c)	60	O
	(d)	100	O
20.	For the profit function $P(x) = -2x^2 + 40x - 100$ , the maximum profit occurs at $x =$ :		
	(a)	5	O
	(b)	8	O
	(c)	10	O
	(d)	12	O
21.	The ogive of a distribution is rising steeply in the middle range and flat at both ends. This indicates:		
	(a)	Most data concentrated in the middle classes	O
	(b)	Data skewed to the left	O
	(c)	Data skewed to the right	O
	(d)	Uniform distribution	O
22.	The cumulative frequency curve can be used to determine:		
	(a)	Mean only	O
	(b)	Median and quartiles	O
	(c)	Mode only	O
	(d)	Range only	O
23.	The relationship between mean, median, and mode in a positively skewed distribution is:		
	(a)	Mean < Median < Mode	O
	(b)	Mode < Median < Mean	O
	(c)	Median < Mode < Mean	O
	(d)	Mean = Median = Mode	O
24.	Find the coefficient of variation (CV) for data with mean 50 and standard deviation 5.		



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

	(a)	5%	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	10%	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	15%	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	20%	<input type="radio"/>
25.	If standard deviation is 0, then:		
	(a)	Data is highly variable	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	Data has all identical values	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	Mean = 0	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	Median = 0	<input type="radio"/>
26.	Data: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25. Find skewness (approx) using (Mean–Median)/SD.		
	(a)	0	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	0.5	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	1	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	-0.5	<input type="radio"/>
27.	Data: 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16. Find Q1 and Q3.		
	(a)	6 and 14	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	5 and 15	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	6 and 12	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	5 and 13	<input type="radio"/>
28.	Data: 2, 4, 4, 6, 8, 8, 8, 10. Mode is:		
	(a)	4	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	8	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	6	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	10	<input type="radio"/>
29.	The quartile deviation measures:		



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

	(a)	Total spread of data	O
	(b)	Spread of middle 50% of data	O
	(c)	Maximum value difference	O
	(d)	Average deviation from mean	O
30.	Which measure of dispersion is least affected by extreme values?		
	(a)	Range	O
	(b)	Variance	O
	(c)	Standard deviation	O
	(d)	Quartile deviation	O
31.	Correlation measures:		
	(a)	Strength of cause-effect relationship	O
	(b)	Strength and direction of linear relationship	O
	(c)	Difference between means	O
	(d)	Deviation from mean	O
32.	Given data: X:1,2,3; Y:2,4,6. Compute correlation coefficient (r).		
	(a)	1	O
	(b)	0.9	O
	(c)	0.8	O
	(d)	0.7	O
33.	Which correlation type is least affected by outliers?		
	(a)	Pearson's correlation	O
	(b)	Spearman's rank correlation	O
	(c)	Point-biserial correlation	O
	(d)	Product-moment correlation	O
34.	If $r = -0.9$ , it indicates:		



FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3

Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026

FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

	(a)	Strong positive correlation	
	(b)	Strong negative correlation	
	(c)	Weak correlation	
	(d)	No correlation	
35.	If correlation coefficient $r = 0$ , it implies:		
	(a)	No linear relationship	O
	(b)	Negative relationship	O
	(c)	Perfect positive relationship	O
	(d)	None of the above	O
36.	Correlation coefficient $r$ is always:		
	(a)	Between $-\infty$ and $+\infty$	O
	(b)	Between $-1$ and $+1$	O
	(c)	Between $0$ and $1$	O
	(d)	Between $-2$ and $+2$	O
37.	Data: $X:1,2,3$ ; $Y:2,4,8$ . Find regression coefficient $b$ of $Y$ on $X$ .		
	(a)	1	O
	(b)	3	O
	(c)	2	O
	(d)	4	O
38.	Regression and correlation are related as:		
	(a)	$r^2 = b_{YX} \cdot b_{XY}$	O
	(b)	$r = b_{YX} \cdot b_{XY}$	O
	(c)	$r^2 = b_{YX} / b_{XY}$	O
	(d)	$r^2 = b_{YX} + b_{XY}$	O
39.	A bag contains 5 white and 7 black balls. Two balls are drawn with replacement.		



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

	Probability that both are black is:		
	(a)	24/144	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	49/144	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	35/144	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	59/144	<input type="radio"/>
40.	Events A and B are independent with $P(A)=0.5$ , $P(B)=0.4$ . Then $P(A \cup B)$ is:		
	(a)	0.2	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	0.7	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	0.5	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	0.9	<input type="radio"/>
41.	From a standard deck of 52 cards, a card is drawn at random. The probability that it is a king or a heart is:		
	(a)	8/52	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	17/52	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	4/13	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	8/13	<input type="radio"/>
42.	In a factory, 2 machines produce 60% and 40% of total output. Their defect rates are 3% and 5% respectively. If a product is defective, the probability it came from Machine 1 is:		
	(a)	0.36	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	0.47	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	0.5	<input type="radio"/>
	(d)	0.6	<input type="radio"/>
43.	A card drawn from a deck. Probability that it is black or a king:		
	(a)	7/13	<input type="radio"/>
	(b)	9/13	<input type="radio"/>
	(c)	7/26	<input type="radio"/>



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

	(d)	6/13	O
44.	Probability of drawing an ace from a deck:		
	(a)	5/52	O
	(b)	7/52	O
	(c)	4/13	O
	(d)	1/13	O
45.	A box contains 8 balls numbered 1 to 8. A ball is drawn at random. Probability that it is prime or even:		
	(a)	3/8	O
	(b)	5/8	O
	(c)	1/2	O
	(d)	7/8	O
46.	Which of the following is a weighted index number?		
	(a)	Simple aggregate price index	O
	(b)	Laspeyres price index	O
	(c)	Paasche price index	O
	(d)	Both b and c	O
47.	The price of commodity X in 2019 was 50, in 2020 it became 55. Using 2019 as base year, the simple price index is:		
	(a)	110	O
	(b)	105	O
	(c)	120	O
	(d)	100	O
48.	In time series analysis, seasonal variation is:		



**FOUNDATION EXAMINATION  
MODEL QUESTION PAPER  
PAPER – 3**

**Syllabus - 2022  
TERM JUNE-2026**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

	(a)	Long-term trend	O
	(b)	Short-term fluctuations due to weather, festivals, etc.	O
	(c)	Random irregular variation	O
	(d)	Cyclical variation	O
49.	A Paasche price index tends to understate inflation compared to Laspeyres index when:		
	(a)	Prices are rising and quantities of expensive items decrease	O
	(b)	Prices are falling and quantities of expensive items decrease	O
	(c)	Prices are rising and quantities of expensive items increase	O
	(d)	Prices are falling and quantities of expensive items increase	O
50.	Consider the following series of observation. Year:      1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 Sales (Rs.) 2 6 1 5 3 7 2 6 4 8 3 5 year moving average against year 6 is		
	(a)	3.6	O
	(b)	4.6	O
	(c)	4.4	O
	(d)	5.4	O